

REBELLION



BATTLE AT DUCK LAKE MARCH 1885

It all started in March 26 1885. the North West Mounted Police witnessed a large group of the Metis while on the way to seize guns The police pulled back after they heard a shot was fired The police included many armed civilians when they left Fort Carlton to look for the Metis. Both groups eventually met and the Metis only lost 5 men as they considered this a big victory. .



BATTLE OF BATOCHÉ MAY 1885

It started in the morning of May 9 1885 between Middleton and Dumont. The Metis were armed with old guns. Middleton planned to surprise the Metis by running the Northcote down the river which was a gunboat. As they were going down the river, the Metis spotted them and open-fired but Middleton turned a different direction. Because of this occasion, the Metis were low of ammo and eventually were defeated because of that. This was a big loss for them. This battle is the best known conflict between the Metis and the soldiers.

THE FINAL SHOTS MAY/JUNE 1885

This occurred during the battle of Batoche, as General Strange's field force rested after marching to Edmonton from Calgary. On May 14 they left to go to the Frog Lake Cree. The indigenous warriors and Strange's people retreated after firing at each other for a long time. The final shots happened on June 3 at Loon Lake. 4 indigenous warriors killed.

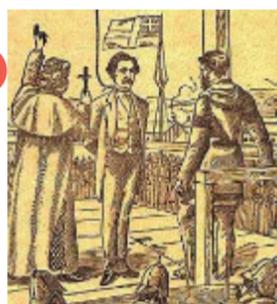
SURRENDER OF BIG BEAR JULY 1885

After the warriors were defeated, everything for them turned upside-down. Big Bear surrendered on July 2 at Fort Carlot, and guilty of treason. All Big Bear wanted was peace and help for his people. He was then sentence 3 years in Stoney Mountain Penitentiary.



HANGING OF RIEL SEPTEMBER 1885

The world turned upside down for Riel as he was guilty of treason. He was labeled as insane. Riel tried to defend himself but his speech proved that he was sane and lead him to being executed on September 18 1885.



RETURN OF RIEL 1884-85



It all started in the summer, the metis brought back Riel to Canada from banishment in the US. Riel prepared a petition in fall and encouraged both sides (Metis and white settlers) to sign it. They asked Riel to help and start a campaign for them to get the government's attention. By the march of 1885, Riel has begun the Northwest Rebellion and formed a provisional government where the Metis were assigned to armed rebellion.

BATTLE OF FISH CREEK APRIL 1885

It all started when a group of men lead by General Middleton witnessed a group of Metis. Dumont tried to set a trap for Middleton's men, but they didn't follow them into it. Although Middleton had an unbelievable number of people, they weren't able to capture the coulee. Both Dumont and Middleton decided to retreat on opposite sides, and the result was indecisive.

