



HEALTH CARE IN THE INDUSTRIAL REVOLUTION CENTURY

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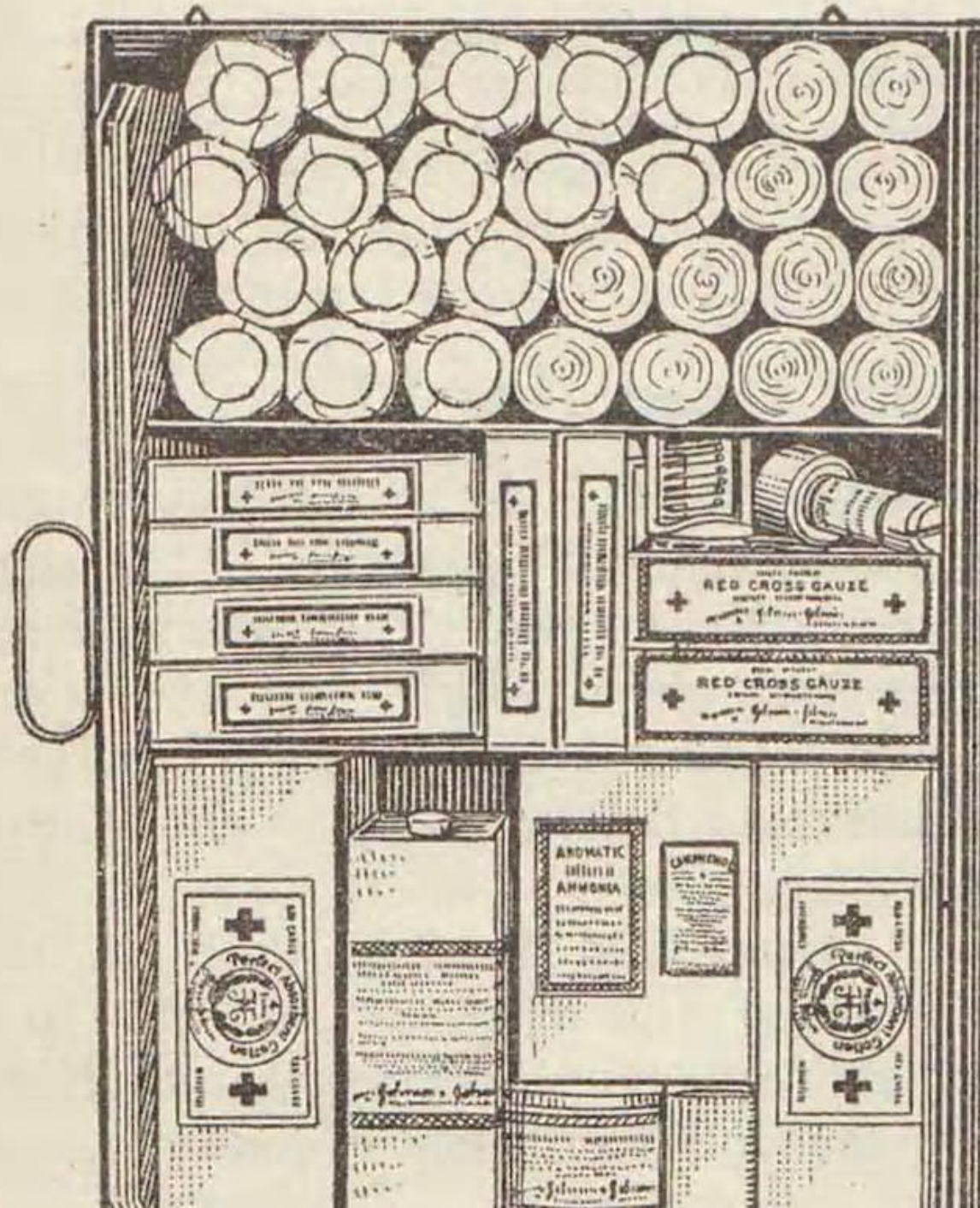
Doctors

Doctors were the important people in the industrial revolution, because they were the ones with the medical training, and they know how to treat patients got their training from private homes. Doctors didn't know how disease spread. People who were able to afford doctors would, call them and they doctors would walk to the person house or horse ride to their homes. When the doctors wanted to do surgery it can be handle by home. Doctors didn't take cash, but they'll take anything that the patient can afford.

Nurses

Nurses have been uneducated and poorly trained in the 19th century. At home, they would treat patients because they had no medical training. The laundry, patient care and cleaning were the responsibility of the nurses. The first nursing school was created by Elizabeth Fry, later they started to improve and were able to work in the army. The first nurses were Florence Nightingale, she was very educated and wealthy. She became a nurse and started nursing people at hospitals or their homes.





First Aid Kits

First aid kits were very popular back in the industrial revolution. The first time first aid kits were used were in factories, because of the machine. The first aid kit was made from wooden or metal boxes, the tools in the first aid kit were different. The tools were surgical tools because the injured back then was very horrible. Now we have the safety tools, so nobody needs to get hurt.

Hospitals

The qualities of the hospital wasn't that good, it was dirty. The nurses had to clean the hospitals, because they didn't want a bad smell or any type of dirt making the patients sick. All hospitals back then were not really rich .The hospital was place to treat illness and find a cure. They were many nurse and bed, because back then they were lots of injuries. It was called a modern hospital, there was a kitchen, laundry room and even a telephone room. Patients that could pay for their health were sent to the hospital.



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Notecard #1

Nurses in the 19 cent were uneducated and poorly and poorly trained. Elizabeth Fry was the first person to make the first nurse school. After that nursing started to improve and were able to work in the army.

Nurses were in charge of laundry, patient care and cleaning.

Some nurses cared for patients at home.

The first nurse is Flourence Nightgale, she became the first nurse. She started nursing people at home or at the hospital.

Notecard #2



The first aid kit were first used in factories. There was very bad injures because of the machine in the factory.



The first aid kit was very popular, they cost about 10 cent.

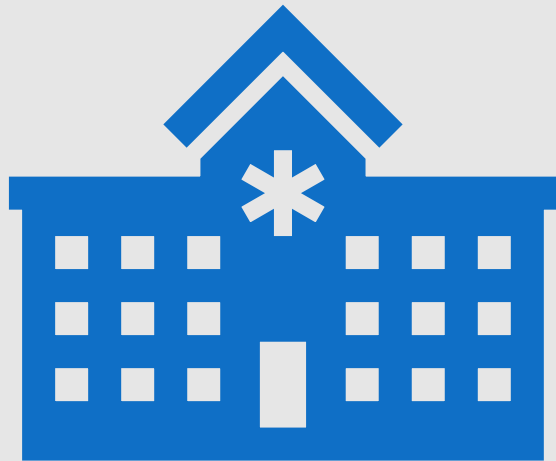


The first aid kit was used to stop bleeding and infection from the place it hurt.



The first aid kit was a box made out of metal or wood; it would have tools for surgery

Notecard #3



- All hospital wasn't that rich
- First the hospital treated the poor and later they started treating the middle class
- The hospital got a bit richer
- There was many nurses and bed
- It was called a modern hospital
- There was a kitchen, laundry, and telephone
- Patients paid for their health, or if they can't afford the doctors would take something else

Notecard #4



- Doctors were people with medical knowledge
- They ride horses so they can arrive to the patients home
- Some doctors don't take money
- Doctor were busy, they sometimes don't have breaks
- In the industrial revolution, there health wasn't that good for the environment.
- Making new ideas
- Finding a cure
- Making new machine